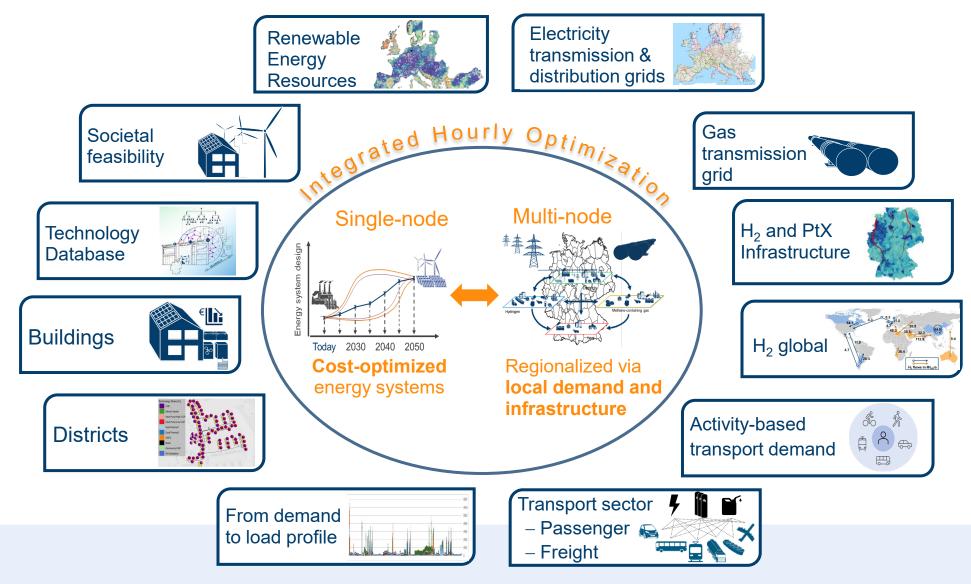


Member of the Helmholtz Association

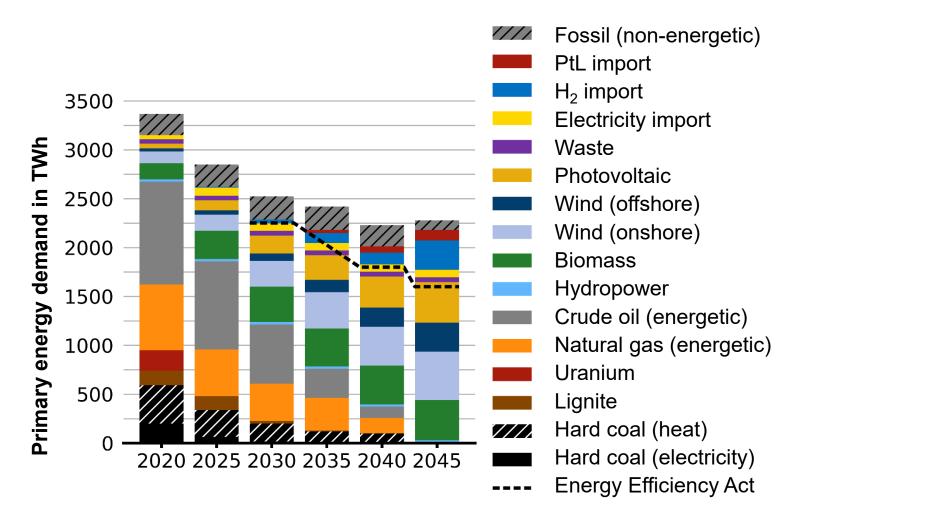


ETHOS: Energy Transformation PatHway Optimization Suite





Primary Energy Demand



- ► Energy import quota falls from 69% in 2022* to 26% in 2045
- Cost-optimal scenario does not achieve the targets from the Energy Efficiency Act with economic and population growth

* AGEB: Bilanz 2022, https://ag-energiebilanzen.de/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/AGEB_Infografik_04_2023_Importabhaengigkeit_2022.pdf Member of the HeImholtz Association IEK-3: Techno-economic Systems Analysis 3

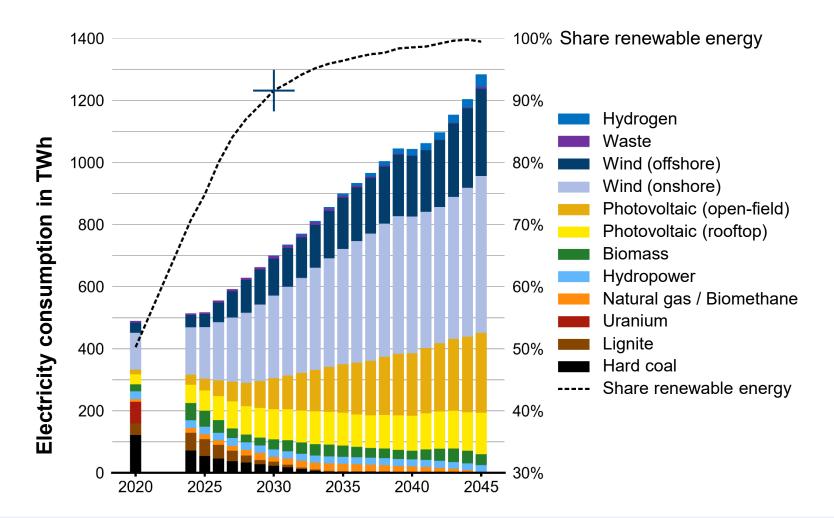


Electricity Demand DAC/CCS 1275TWh 1200 728 TWh 1000 PtX (incl. DAC) Power to Heat 800 Heat Pump Electricity demand in TWh Electrolysis Transport 600 **Trade Service Commerce** Buildings 400 Industry 200 0 2035 2025 2030 2020 2040 2045

Despite implementation of efficiency measures, electricity consumption increases by 25% until 2030
By 2045: electricity consumption increases to 1275 TWh due to sector coupling



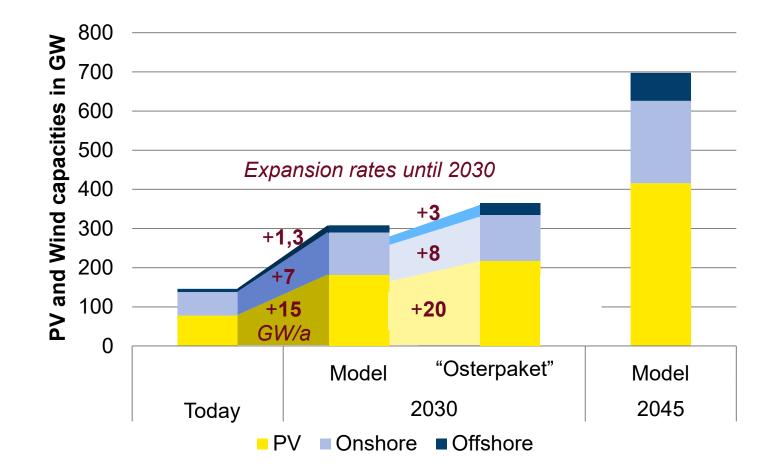
Electricity Consumption



By 2030: Share of renewables increases to >90% - key prerequisite for sector coupling
Wind energy with over 60% share of electricity generation in 2045



Installed Capacities

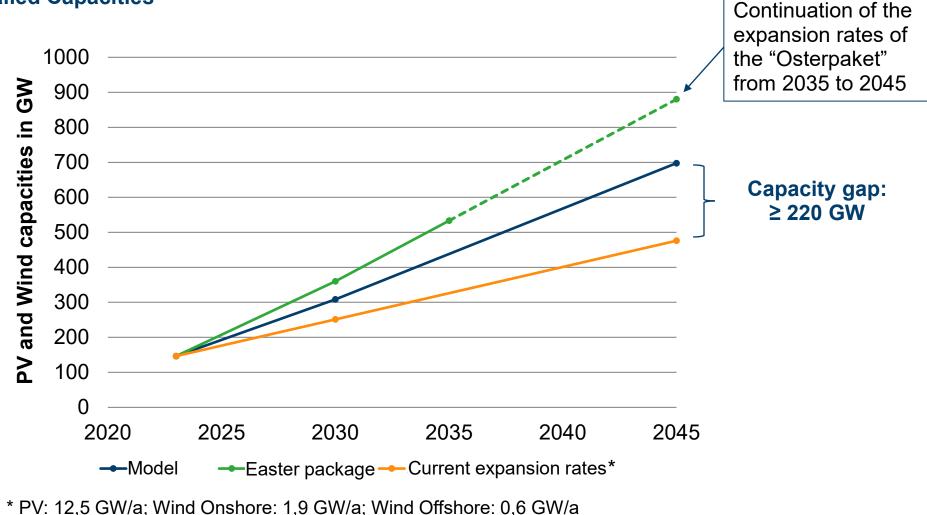


Cost-effective energy efficiency: expansion of PV and wind energy slightly below the "Osterpaket"
Nevertheless, doubling of today's installed capacity by 2030 necessary

Member of the Helmholtz Association IEK-3: Techno-economic Systems Analysis



Installed Capacities

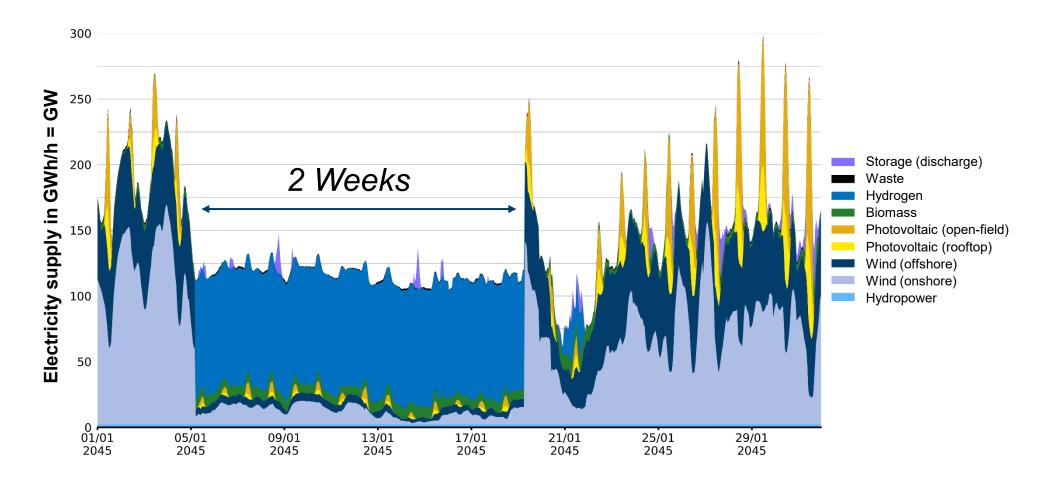


▶ With the current expansion rates for PV and wind, capacities of at least 55 GW will be missing in 2030





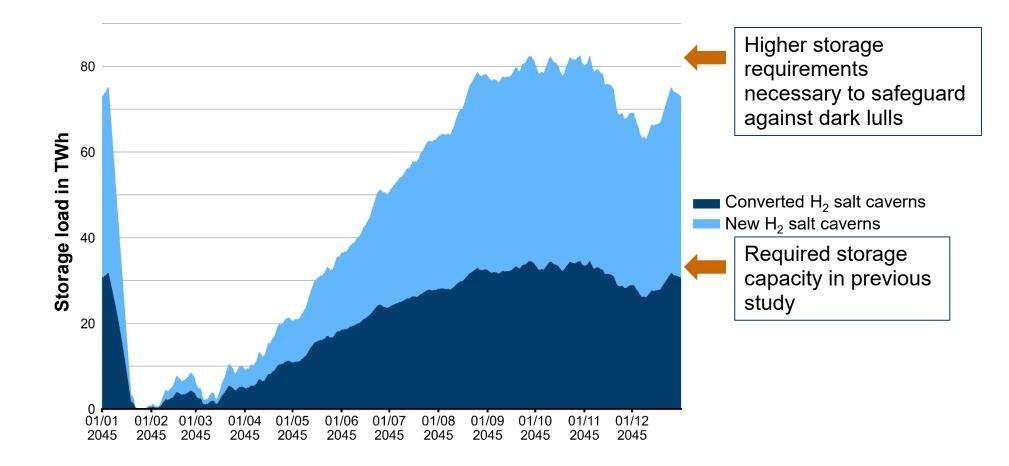
Dark Lull in 2045



2030: 6 GW | 2045: 90 GW H₂ gas turbines required to bridge the dark lulls
90% share of H₂ in bridging the dark lulls



Hydrogen for Seasonal Storage in 2045

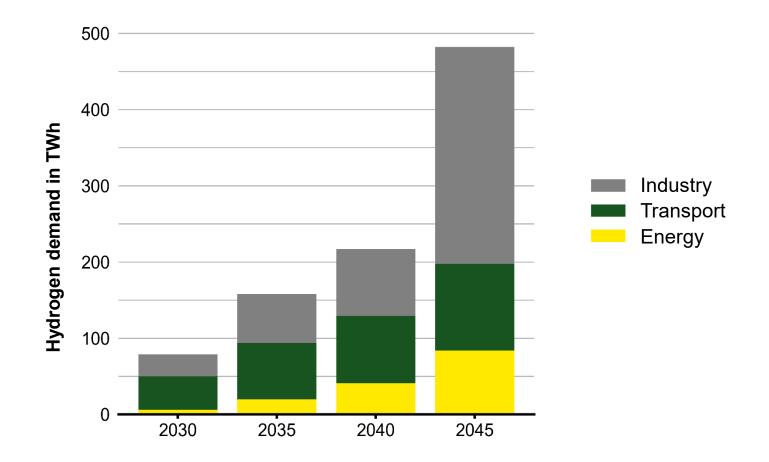


By 2030: Conversion of existing natural gas caverns (5 TWh H₂), 16% of convertible caverns
H₂ storage in salt caverns with approximately 82 TWh storage capacity in 2045



9

Hydrogen Demand

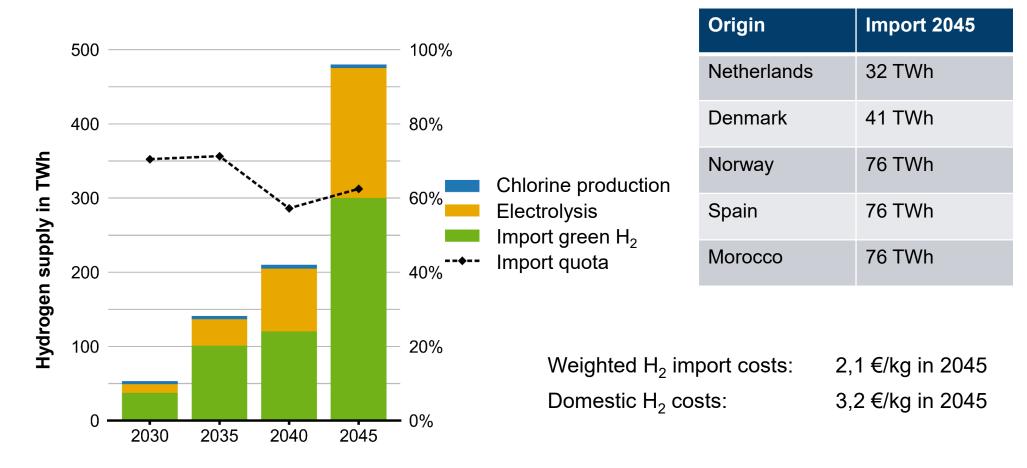


► Demand for hydrogen will already reach 80 TWh - 2.4 million tons in 2030

► Increase to 482 TWh in 2045, with 60% consumed in industry



Supply of Green Hydrogen

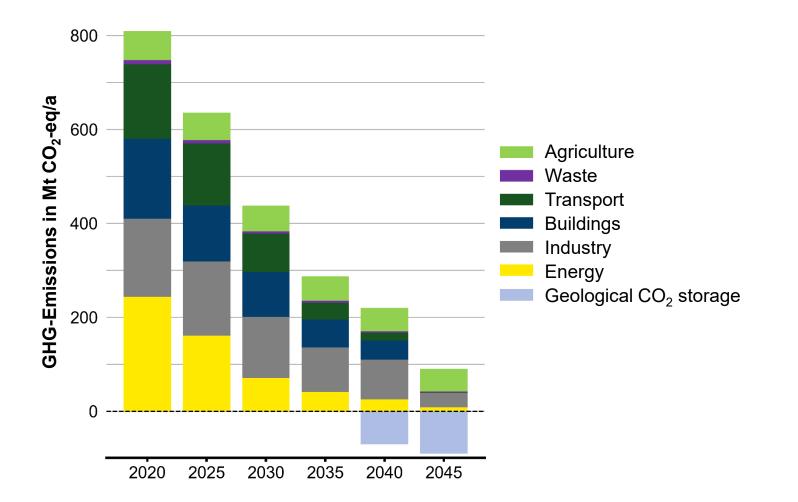


Cost-efficient import share of 70% in 2030 - corresponding import paths necessary

Most cost-effective import option via pipeline from Europe + North Africa



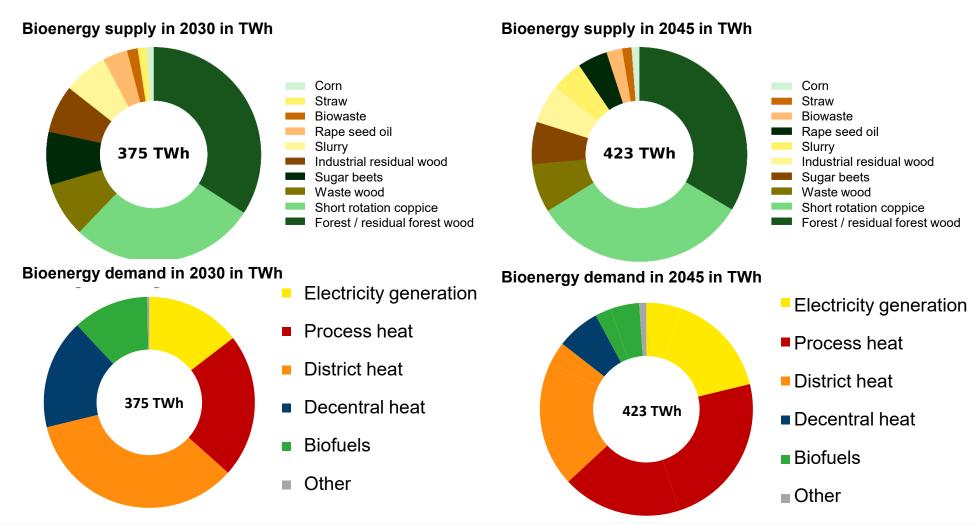
Greenhouse Gas Emissions



By 2030: emissions reduction of 72% compared to 2022 in the energy sector enables sector coupling
By 2030: create framework conditions for permanent CO₂ storage



Bioenergy

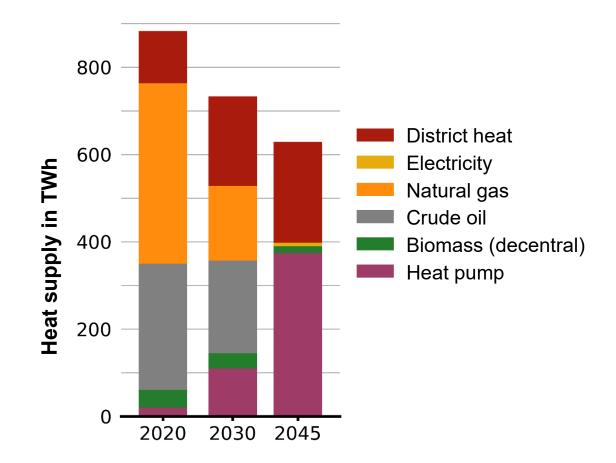


- ► By 2030: Increase the utilization of biogenic waste and residuals
- Increase sustainable cultivated area taking the food chain into account





Heat Supply for Room Heating and Hot Water

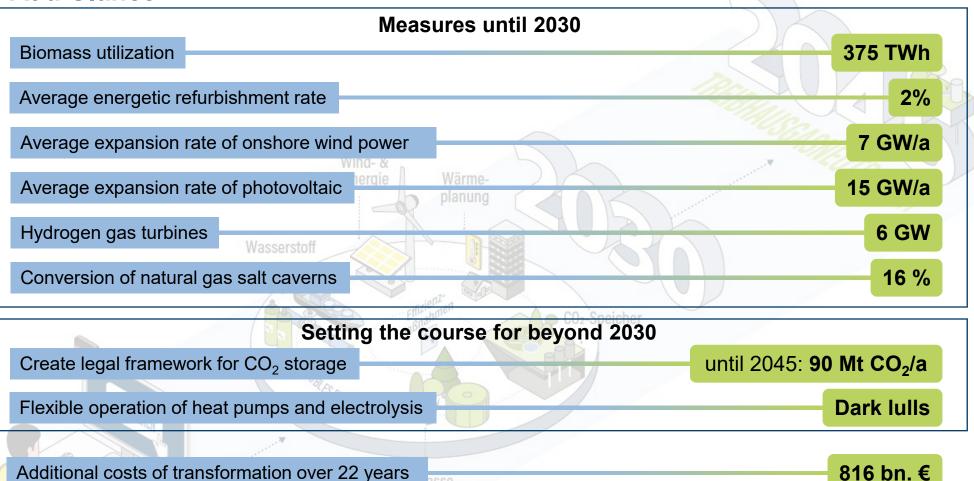


Expansion of heat pumps as a key measure for the heating transition

Sensible: 1. building refurbishment; 2. replacement of fossil fuel boilers with heat pumps



At a Glance



► Transformation is technically and economically feasible

▶ Implementation of important measures and course-setting essential until 2030





Member of the Helmholtz Association